

Fig. 1. EM clustering of 60 breast cancer cases, based only on tumor size and their node involvement. The first cluster with 39 cases is characterized by smaller tumors and lower axillary involvement, while the contrary can be said for the second one with 21 cases. Wilcoxon p-values were found to be higher in the first cluster ($Z=2.378$, $p=0.0173$).

